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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/020,450	12/14/2001	Guy Michael Miller	346392000900 1698	
25226	7590 04/12/2004	EXAMINER		
MORRISO 755 PAGE M	N & FOERSTER LLP		SPIVACK, PHYLLIS G	
	, CA 94304-1018		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1614	

DATE MAILED: 04/12/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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PTO-90C (Rev. 10/03)

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/020,450	MILLER ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Phyllis G. Spivack	1614			
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a rep If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailine armed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONEI	nety filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	•				
•— •	s action is non-final.				
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims					
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1,2,4,6,9-23,33-38,42-47 and 51-62 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1,2,4,6,9-23,33-38,42-47 and 51-62 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	awn from consideration. is/are rejected.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.				
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureat * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. Its have been received in Applicationity documents have been received Bu (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)	»П.,	(DTO 442)			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date					
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 6) Other:					

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The indicated allowability of claims 1, 2, 4, 6, 9-23, 33-38, 42-47 and 51-62 in Paper No. 25 mailed November 14, 2003, is withdrawn in view of the newly discovered references to Wechter, W.J. (US 2004/0029954, US 2004/0058986, US 2004/0058987). Rejections based on the newly cited references follow. Claims 1, 2, 4, 6, 9-23, 33-38, 42-47 and 51-62 remain under consideration.

An Information Disclosure Statement filed November 11, 2003, Paper No. 25, is acknowledged. All of the cited references have previously been reviewed. Copies of these PTO-1449 Forms that are initialed by the Examiner are enclosed.

Claims 1, 2, 4, 6, 9-23, 33-38, 42-47 and 51-62 are rejected under 35
U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which Applicants regard as the invention.

The recitation "a non-alpha-tocopherol enriched tocopherol composition" renders the claims indefinite. While the presence of non-alpha tocopherols is required in the claimed composition, the language of claim 1 does not preclude other types of tocopherols. Accordingly, the claims lack clarity in that the open language employed permits any other active ingredient including alpha-tocopherols. Clarification is required.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

⁽e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the

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applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1, 2, 4, 6, 9-23, 33-38, 42-47 and 51-62 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Wechter, W.J., U.S. 2004/0058987.

Wechter teaches methods for treating and/or ameliorating the symptoms of a cerebral ischemic condition in a mammalian subject comprising administering a non-alpha tocopherol enriched tocopherol composition to reduce neuronal damage related to said cerebral ischemic condition. See page 9 where dosages and various formulations are disclosed.

Claims 1, 2, 4, 6, 9-23, 33-38, 42-47 and 51-62 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Wechter, W.J., US 2004/0058986.

Wechter teaches methods of treating and/or ameliorating the symptoms of a noncardiovascular tissue ischemic condition comprising administering a gammatocopherol enriched tocopherol composition. While the presence of gamma tocopherols is required in Wechter's teaching, the language of claim 1 does not preclude other types of tocopherols. Accordingly, other tocopherols, alpha-, beta- and delta-, are reasonably encompassed in Wechter's compositions. Non-cardiovascular tissue ischemic conditions include spinal cord ischemia, peripheral nerve damage and neuropathies. Thus a reduction of neuronal damage would occur following treatment of ischemia in these noncardiovascular tissues. See page 9 where dosages and various formulations are disclosed.

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The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-64 and 98 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wechter, W.J. US 2004/0029954.

Wechter broadly claims methods of treating or preventing any ischemic condition comprising administering a composition comprising tocopherols, at least 50% of which being γ -tocopherol. Claimed ischemic conditions include those associated with the brain, the nervous system and the eye. The claims differ in that the present claims recite " a non-alpha tocopherol enriched tocopherol composition" and "for treating and/or ameliorating a symptom of neuronal damage associated with a cerebral ischemic condition". However, one skilled in the art would have considered the recited compositions, "a non-alpha tocopherol enriched tocopherol composition" to comprise other tocopherols. The open language of the present claims allows for the addition of any number of other active ingredients in the composition. Further, it would have been reasonable to expect an improvement in an ischemic condition of the brain, i.e., an improvement in blood supply to the brain, would result in a reduction of neuronal damage associated with ischemia. The determination of optimal concentrations and optimal dosage forms are parameters well within the purview of those skilled in the art through no more than routine experimentation.

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The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1, 2, 4, 6, 9-23, 33-38, 42-47 and 51-62 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 2, 11-13, 22, 31-33, 42, 53-57 and 98 of copending Application No. 10/017717. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because of overlapping subject matter.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

No claim is allowed.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Phyllis G.

Spivack at telephone number 571-272-0585.

Phyllis G. Spivack Primary Examiner Art Unit 1614

April 7, 2004

PHYLLIS SPIVACK PRIMARY EXAMINER

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